



DFI has developed a comprehensive set of best practice guidelines to help countries monitor and analyse private capital flows. Country projects involve a complex sequence of tasks. They take as their starting point, an understanding of international BOP-related codes and standards relating to Foreign Assets and Liabilities (FAL). From this, countries can design or adapt questionnaires with built in quality controls; identify and use complementary non-survey data sources to fill gaps or crosscheck data; use software for storing, checking and analysing data; up-date data for any gaps; prepare time series, and higher frequency estimates; and finally produce detailed analysis and policy recommendations directed at key stakeholders.

These pages link to materials that support National Taskforces in each area. Materials are divided into:

- [Codes, concepts and definitions \(FAL\)](#)
- [FAL questionnaires](#)
- [Non-survey sources](#)
- [Investor perception and CSR](#)
- [Software](#)
- [Register, Sampling, Time Series, Quarterly Estimates](#)
- [Analysis and policy](#)

Latest work DFI carried out in this area:

[August 2011 – Wilson Phiri graduates MEFMI’s FPC Fellowship Programme](#)



[Ministry of Health Releases FBO and FBO Analytical Results](#) [Ministry of Health Releases FBO and FBO Analytical Results](#) [Ministry of Health Releases FBO and FBO Analytical Results](#)



[Ministry of Health Releases FBO and FBO Analytical Results](#) [Ministry of Health Releases FBO and FBO Analytical Results](#) [Ministry of Health Releases FBO and FBO Analytical Results](#)